ADHD in the Classroom	
What Educators Need and How to Make it Happen	
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Through the Eyes	
of Innocence	



Do Children Care What We Think? Part I	
to:Mrs.Cowdell	
Dean Mrs. Cowdelly Lann writeing you this letters Mm JUST asking is you	
con. for our for for taking back to you, hnew who't for taking back very wheng and. I wanted to appli- ize the with that well its just that I just a kid and kids make mistakes, but I'm sive you knew that Mrs. Conde	
what I'm trying to say is that I'm view very, very, sorry	
Sencer 4 Drew	





Caregivers are the architects of the way in which experience influences genetically preprogrammed but experience dependent brain development.	
Daniel Siegel The Developing Mind	
What is the overarching ability necessary for classroom success?	
Todd	

'I thought hed be a	
emart criminal"	
We fail to enpreside that shildren	
We fail to appreciate that children are genetically endowed with certain patterns of behavior and thought.	

### What Are These Traits?

The drive to help. The drive to mastery. Intrinsic motivation. Altruism. Problem solving. Social connection. The drive to acquire knowledge. The drive to become self-disciplined.

Students will work in order to earn extrinsic rewards, avoid punishments, win competitions or to nurture their intrinsic motivation.	
Intrinsic motivation driven by instinctual	
optimism explains the drive of young children.	
Learning is greatest when prompted by intrinsic motivation rather than external controls.	

Intrinsic not external motivation is at the center of creativity, responsibility, healthy behavior and lasting change.	
Motivation isn't something that gets done to children but rather something that children must do for themselves.	
Self-discipline can be understood as a vital component of a sense of ownership and responsibility for one's behavior.	

The need to develop and effectively harness selfdiscipline at an early age, while critical in any culture, may take on greater importance in a society filled with complex demands, challenges, and stresses. The possession and ability to effectively utilize self-discipline paves a successful road into adulthood.

It is not surprising that in our fast paced, seemingly chaotic world, children capable of implementing self-discipline at young ages appear to negotiate the maze of family, school, friends, and community more successfully than those who struggle with this ability.

Effective self-discipline implies that a child has internalized a set of rules so that even without the presence of a parent or other caregiver, the child will act in a thoughtful, reflective manner.





# Self-discipline

- The ability to inhibit
- The ability to delay
- The ability to separate thought from feeling
- The ability to separate experience from response
- The ability to consider an experience and change perspective
- The ability to consider alternative responses

# Self-discipline

- The ability to choose a response and act successfully towards a goal
- The ability to change the response when confronted winew data
- The ability to negotiate life automatically
- The ability to track cues



Poor Self-discipline is synonymous with. . .

Poor Self-control

# Poor self-discipline leads to:

- Knowing what to do is not the same as doing what you know
- Inconsistent behavior
- Unpredictable behavior
- The illusion of competence
- Riding an emotional roller coaster
  Problems with automatic behavior

# Conditions under which inattention is observed

- Repetitive
- Effortful
- Uninteresting
- Not chosen

Conditions under which problems with consequences are observed • Delayed • Infrequent • Unpredictable • Lacking saliency	
ADHD is a condition resulting from poor self-regulation. It reflects exaggeration of normal behavior.	
The Symptoms of ADHD Lead to a Nearly Infinite Number of Consequences	

ADHD acts as a catalyst fueling other developmental and environmental risk factors.	
To understand why children fail we must first understand how they succeed.	
The consequence is worse than the symptom NEGATIVE REINFORCEMENT	





# Treatment Plan For ADHD

- Education
- Thorough assessment
- Medication
- Behavior management
- Educational support
- Long term perspective
- Build success
- Focus on resilience

Adopt a learning to swim mindset!	

# Five keys to successful management of ADHD

- Make tasks interesting
- Make payoffs valuable
- Adjust expectations for change
- Allow more trials to mastery
- Allow more time for change



#### The Ideal Mindset of Children Taking Medication For ADHD

- Pills won't substitute for skills
- Active participation in treatment
- I am a person with ADHD not an ADHD person
- A mixed locus of control
- I am important
- I can make a contribution

#### Psychosocial Interventions for ADHD

- Environmental manipulation of the physical plant
- Environmental manipulation of consequences
- Modification of cognitive function

#### Test Your Psychosocial Intervention Skill









#### Cognitive Strategies For the Classroom

- Monitoring
- Evaluation
- Cuing
- Problem solving
- Communication
- Attribution



#### The Art of Educational Commands

ALPHA  Place your feet on the floor. (Best)  Take your feet off the desk.    BETA  Do it!  Don't do it!		START	STOP
BETA Do it! Don't do it!	ALPHA	on the floor.	
(Least effective)	BETA	Do it!	

# Management Strategies For the Classroom

- Transitions
- Consequences
- Consistent routine
- Allow non-disruptive movement
- Teacher contact
- Ignore minor disruptions
- An efficient system for homework

# Management Strategies For the Classroom

- Manage negative reinforcement
- Use response cost
- Use differential attention
- State and review rules
- Predictable schedule
- Maintain home-school communication
- Don't be a martyr

#### **Stress Hardiness**

- Committed to finding a meaningful purpose in life.
- A belief that you can influence your surroundings and outcome of events,
- A belief that you can learn and grow from both positive and negative life experiences.

### Focus on Well Being!

- COMPETENCE in academic, social and vocational areas
- CONFIDENCE or a positive identity
- CONNECTIONS or healthy relations
- CHARACTER or positive values, integrity, and values
- CARING and compassion



	Todd	





#### Goldstein's Axiom

Through intelligent and ethical educational practices develop self-discipline and build educational proficiency in all children without stealing away their dignity and hope.

Or Thial DEAR GOD, I wish I could be better in School. Can you help me.

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